



VETERINARY CHECKS THIRD COUNTRIES

PRODUCTS

I – Organization of Veterinary Controls

[Directive 97/78/EC](#) (Obligation to perform veterinary checks to certain products from countries outside the EU, guidance on how these checks must be performed and, among other aspects, obligations of the persons responsible for the load, cooperation with other entities with intervention in the checks, as it is the case of the Customs)

[Decree-Law No 210/2000](#) and [Decree-Law No 236/2007](#) (Transposition of Directive 97/78/EC and applicable penalties)

[Decision 2007/275/EC](#) (List of products that should be subject to veterinary checks in the BIP and their relationship with the customs codification)

[Regulation \(EC\) No 136/2004](#) (Establishes the common veterinary entry document – CVED – (DVCEP) document which, after being fully filled in, is the notification that the person responsible for the load must do to the BIP, warning it of the arrival of the shipment and giving the indications thereof – Part 1 – and which allows or rejects the entry after the veterinary checks performed by the veterinarians operating in the BIP – Part 2. This document is filled in through the TRACES System – Trade Control and Expert System in intra-Union Trade and in Third Country Imports of Animals and Products)

[Directive 2002/99/EC](#) (Indicates the rules for the certification issued in third countries, namely content, principles and languages)

[Decree-Law No 163/2005](#) (Transposition of Directive 2002/99/EC)

[Decision 94/360/EC](#) (Reduced frequency of physical checks of consignments of certain products. It contains a table with the groups of products and frequency of physical checks which must be carried out)

[Decision 2011/215/EC](#) (Rules concerning the transshipment of products at the BIP, if the consignments are intended for importation into the European Community. It is considered as transshipment the transport situation by sea or air, of consignments of products that "come" to a BIP, but whose destination is the import via another BIP in the same territory or in the territory of another Member State)

[Decision 2000/571/EC](#) (Rules concerning non-conforming products. It is allowed the entry / transit in the Community of products that do not fully meet the Community legislation – non-conforming products - and whose final destination is not the Community itself.

As examples of this situation there are certain products, whose commercial importance is considerable, which are intended to certain establishments in the EU as it is the case of customs warehouses and ships suppliers. Therefore, Community legislation, although allowing its entry/transit within the EU, lays down strict rules to ensure that those products not only do leave the territory of the EU but also, during their stay, must be subject to a specific veterinary control)



[Decision 2000/208/EC](#) (Rules concerning road transit. The term transit means the movement of products through the Community, from third countries, however destined for other third countries. Community legislation, although allowing the entry/transit within EU territory, lays down strict rules to ensure that such movement is carried out fulfilling specific health rules)

II – Fees

Annex V of [Regulation \(EC\) No 882/2004](#) (Fees applied to imported products, intended to cover the costs of veterinary checks)

[Decree-Law No 178/2008](#) and [Order No 1073/2008](#) (Application criteria of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 and method of calculating the fees)

III – Structures and equipment

[Decision 2001/812/EC](#) and Annex II of [Directive 97/78/EC](#) (Conditions that govern the approval of a BIP for products, namely regarding facilities, equipment, staffing and records on file)